

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

An FM signal receiver for use in receiving a burst signals as in a Bluetooth system includes a BPF and a frequency-demodulation circuit, each having, for example, a phase shifter, which is constructed from similar or related circuitry so as to enable adjustment of the frequency characteristics of the BPF and frequency-demodulation circuit through an identical control signal. A short-circuit switch is disposed linking the input and output terminals of an amplifier. A control circuit opens the switch in a receiving operation and closes the switch in an adjusting operation. Thus, adjustment is carried out without using the amplifier. Therefore, an amplifier offset does not affect the frequency-to-voltage conversion by the frequency-demodulation circuit in the adjusting of the frequency-demodulation circuit and similar adjusting of the BPF. Thus, the BPF is prevented from being incorrectly adjusted due to the offset. The BPF characteristics are suitably adjusted.